according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

Date of revision: 26. 05. 2025 Version: 3.0

Replaced version from: 25. 02. 2025

Date of issue: 31. 07. 2021

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# 1.1. Product identifier

Product Name

**LB CL 803** 

**UFI** code

UFI: H811-N06S-100R-S0T7

Product code

None.

Mixture description

Water solution.

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

# Identified uses

A liquid agent designed for cleaning and polishing ceramic surfaces in one step. It is designed primarily for surfaces prone to damage and opacity, such as polished marble, granite and natural and artificial stones. It contains very fine and neutral surfactants, which effectively remove even resistant impurities. Can also be used on plastics.

#### Uses advised against

Not known. It is recommended to use it only for the intended use. Other uses may expose users to unpredictable risks.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### LASSELSBERGER, s.r.o.

Adelova 2549/1

320 00 Plzeň - Jižní Předměstí

Czech Republic

Tel.: +420 800 303 333

e-mail address for a competent person responsible for the SDS: info@rako.cz

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

112 (General emergency phone).

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture is classified as hazardous according to regulation 1272/2008/EC.

Classification according to 1272/2008/EC

Page: 1 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Eye Irrit. 2; H319

Full text of classifications and H-phrases: see section 16.

#### The most important adverse physical, human health and environmental effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

# 2.2. Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word

Warning.

#### Substances of the mixture to be placed on the label

Contains Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1).

#### Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Precautionary statements

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/container by handing it over to a collection yard or sorted waste.

# Supplemental hazard information

Mandatory additional information is not required according to CLP regulation.

Composition according to regulation 648/2004/EC on detergents: < 5 % non-ionic surfactants, anionic surfactants perfumes, CITRONELLOL, HEXYL CINNAMAL, LINALOOL, preservation agents (BENZYL ALCOHOL, METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE AND METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE).

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Mixture does not contain substance(s) meeting the criteria for persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH regulation. The mixture and its substances are not mentioned on the Candidate list for possible inclusion in Annex XIV of REACH at the date of the revision of the safety data sheet (established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH regulation. Mixture does not contain the substance(s) identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

Page: 2 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

# **LB CL 803**

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients								
3.2. Mixtures								
3.2.1. Substances of a mixture classified as hazardous								
	Identification of substance		Content wt. %	Classification according to 1272/2008/EC				
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated								
	68439-50-9 not given not given is not subject to registration, it is pecific concentration limits:	a polymer C ≥ 10 %	1 - < 4.5	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 ATE <sub>oral</sub> = 1 200 mg/kg bw				
Eye Irrit. 2; H319		1 % ≤ C < 10	%					
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts								
	68411-30-3 270-115-0 not given 01-2119489428-22-XXXX chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3	3-one and 2-m	1 - < 1.6 ethvl-2H-iso	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 ATE <sub>oral</sub> = 1 080 mg/kg bw				
reaction mass of 5	cinoro-2-incuryi-211-isotina201-3	-one and z-m	Ctilyi-Zii-i3C	Acute Tox. 3; H301				
CAS Number EC Number Index Number Registration Number	55965-84-9 911-418-6 613-167-00-5 01-2120764691-48-XXXX		< 0.0018	Acute Tox. 3, 11301 Acute Tox. 2; H310 Skin Corr. 1C; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 EUH071 M=100 M(Chronic)=100 ATE <sub>oral</sub> = 66 mg/kg bw ATE <sub>dermal</sub> = 87 mg/kg bw ATE <sub>inhalation</sub> = 0.17 mg/L				
				(aerosol)				
	pecific concentration limits:	0 > 0 6 0/						
Skin Corr. 1C; H314		C ≥ 0.6 % C ≥ 0.6 %						
Eye Dam. 1; H318		$0.06 \% \le C < 0$	n 6 %					
Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319		$0.06 \% \le C < 0$ $0.06 \% \le C < 0$						
Eye IIII. Z, HS19		0.00 % ≥ 0 < 0	J.U 70					

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

Skin Sens. 1A; H317 C ≥ 0.0015 %

Full text of classifications and H-phrases: see section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

In all cases keep the victim at physical and mental rest and warm. In case of doubt or if symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness, unconscious or convulsing. Protect yourself during rescue work.

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### Inhalation

Interrupt the exposure, move the person to the fresh air. In case of persistent nausea, seek medical advice.

#### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing, shoes, and wash affected skin thoroughly with water (preferably lukewarm) and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners. If the problem persists, seek medical advice.

#### Eye contact

Rinse with a gentle stream of water for at least 15 minutes. Keep your eyelids wide open with your thumb and forefinger. If the affected person is wearing contact lenses, remove them before rinsing eyes if it is easy. If pain or redness persists, seek medical advice.

#### Ingestion

Rinse your mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical advice.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Are not known.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically and supportively.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

The product is non-flammable. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Solid streams of water may be ineffective.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire extinguishing prevent leakage of water and rest of product into drains. Collect them separately and dispose of safely in accordance with current legislation and applicable local regulations.

In case of fires, hazardous combustion gases are formed: carbon oxides, sulphur oxides, hydrogen sulphide, nitrogen oxides, ammonia, chlorine oxides, hydrogen chloride and products of incomplete combustion.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Stop further leakage of product if possible. Spilled product, which does not burn, cover with sand or foam. Move containers and barrels away from the fire to a safe place, if possible. Cool all affected containers down with flooding quantities of water. If the fire can't be extinguished - evacuate the premises.

In case of fire, wear suitable respiratory protective equipment and fire-fighting suit.

Page: 4 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, use suitable protective equipment and clothing, see Section 8. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid formation of vapour and aerosol. At the point of leakage, prevent the movement of unauthorized persons.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If this cannot be avoided, inform the competent authorities (police and firefighters) immediately.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

According to the amount of spilled liquid, drain away the substance (large spillage) or in case of small spillage, absorb it with suitable absorbent (vermiculite, dry sand), put into labelled closed containers and dispose of them accordingly to Section 13. Flush residues with water and collect it for waste disposal. Do not use solvents or dispersants unless instructed by an expert or government authority.

If container is damaged, remove the content to the new undamaged container and label it properly again.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer also to the provisions of sections 7, 8 and 13 of this safety data sheet.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Personal protection see Section 8. Ensure good ventilation to prevent formation of vapor and aerosol.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited at the place of use. Keep safety regulations for handling chemicals. Take off contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering the dining area. Do not use dirty clothing. After work wash yourself carefully with warm water and soap, take a shower. Use protective cream

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original, tightly closed containers, in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place at room temperature. Protect from frost.

Do not store together with incompatible materials (see subsection 10.5), food, drink and feed.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See subsection 1.2.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1. Exposure limit value

Not determined in EU.

#### 8.1.2. Biological limit values

Not determined in EU.

# 8.1.3. DNEL and PNEC values

# Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts

**DNEL** 

CAS: 68411-30-3

Page: 5 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

# **LB CL 803**

Area of use	Route of exposure	Effect	Exposure time	Value	
Workers	Inhalation	Systemic effect	Long term	7.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Workers	Dermal	Systemic effect	Long term	119 mg/kg/day	
General population	Inhalation	Systemic effect	Long term	1.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
General population	Dermal	Systemic effect	Long term	42.5 mg/kg/day	
General population	Oral	Systemic effect	Long term	0.425 mg/kg/day	
PNEC					
		Intermit	tent releases	Sewage	
Fresh water	Marine water	Fresh water	Marine water	Treatment Plant (STP)	
0.268 mg/l	0.027 mg/l	0.017 mg/l	not given	3.43 mg/l	
PNEC					
Sediment (freshwate	er) Sediment (marine w	ater) Air	Soil	Hazard for predators	
8.1 mg/l	6.8 mg/kg	no effect	35 mg/kg	no effect	
Reaction mass of 5 isothiazol-3-one (3:	CAS: 55965-84-9				
DNEL					
Area of use	Route of exposure	Effect	Exposure time	Value	
Workers	Inhalation	Systemic effect	Long term	$0.02 \text{ mg/m}^3$	
Workers	Inhalation	Local effect	Long term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
General population	Inhalation	Systemic effect	Long term	$0.02 \text{ mg/m}^3$	
General population	Inhalation	Local effect	Long term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
General population	Oral	Systemic effect	Long term	0.09 mg/kg/day	
General population	Oral	Local effect	Long term	0.11 mg/kg/day	
PNEC					
Fresh water	Marine water	Intermittent releases		Sewage Treatment Plant (STP)	
i resii watei	Manne water	Fresh water Marine wat			
3.39 µg/l	3.39 µg/l	3.39 µg/l	3.39 µg/l	0.23 mg/l	
PNEC					
Sediment (freshwater)	Sediment (marine water	er) Air	Soil	Hazard for predators	
0.027 mg/kg	0.027 mg/kg	no effect	0.01 mg/kg	no effect	
8.2. Exposure co	ontrols				

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

# 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Observe usual safety precautions for working with chemicals. The degree of effectiveness of personal protective equipment depends on temperature and ventilation levels.

# 8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

# **LB CL 803**

Do not eat, drink or smoke. After work, wash thoroughly with warm water and soap and take a shower. Use protective cream. Do not soiled protective equipment to wash, do not use solvents.

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety goggles or face shield when manufacturing and handling the product (EN 166, EN 149+A1). It is not necessary for normal use, in case of possible contact with the eyes, use protective glasses or a face shield.

#### Skin protection - hand protection

Wear protective gloves when manufacturing and handling the product (EN 374-1, EN 374-2). In normal use it is not necessary to use protective gloves. Wear protective gloves in case of prolonged skin contact.

The selection of the glove material on consideration of the breakthrough time, permeability, degradation and next relevant factors; other chemicals that may come into contact, physical requirements (cut and puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), possible body reactions to the glove material and the glove supplier's instructions and specifications. In case of repeated use of gloves, clean and keep them in a well-ventilated place before taking off.

#### Skin protection - other

Suitable protective working clothing and protective footwear.

#### Respiratory protection

Not necessary in case of compliance concentration limits (if they were exceeded, use respiratory protection). In the event of an accident or a fire use self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### Thermal hazards

In normal use is not necessary protective equipment to be worn for materials that represent a thermal hazard.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Uncontrolled release of the mixture into environment is to be avoided. Keep the emission limits according to national legislation.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Mixture**

Physical stateLiquid.ColourLight green.OdourCharacteristic.Melting point/freezing pointNot determined.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flammability Not determined.

Lower explosion limitNot determined.Upper explosion limitNot determined.Flash pointNot determined.

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined.

**Decomposition temperature**Not determined, the mixture does not contain self-

100 °C.

reactive substances or organic peroxides or other

substances which may decompose.

Page: 7 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

*pH* 7.5-8.5 (20 °C).

Kinematic viscosity

Not determined, the mixture does not contain a

substance classified as aspiration toxic, or the sum of the concentrations of substances classified as

CAS: 68411-30-3

aspiration toxic is less than 10 wt. %.

**Solubility** Miscible.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Does not apply to mixture.

Vapour pressure23 hPa.Density and/or relative density $D_4^{20} = 1.0.$ 

Relative vapour density Not determined.

Particle characteristics Does not apply to liquid.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts

Physical state Solid.

ColourNot determined.OdourNot determined.

Melting point/freezing point > 350 °C (ISO 1218)

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling

range

isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

Flammability The substance is not classified as flammable (EU

method A.10)

> 400 °C (ASTM E 737-76)

Lower explosion limitDoes not apply to solid.Upper explosion limitDoes not apply to solid.Flash pointDoes not apply to solid.Auto-ignition temperatureDoes not apply to solid.

**Decomposition temperature**Not determined, it is not a self-reactive substance

or an organic peroxide or a substance that may

decompose.

**pH** Not determined.

Kinematic viscosity Does not apply to solid.

**Solubility** 250 g/l (20 °C)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) 1.4 (23 °C, pH = 6.1, OECD 123)

Vapour pressure Not determined, the substance has melting point

higher than 300 °C.

Density and/or relative density  $D_4^{20} = 0.776$  (OECD 109). Relative vapour density Does not apply to solid.

Particle characteristics Not determined.

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-

Physical state Liquid.

Physical stateLiquid.ColourLight yellow.

Page: 8 / 21

CAS: 55965-84-9

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

**Odour** Not determined.

Melting point/freezing point < -25 °C (OECD 102).

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling 100.1 °C (OECD 103).

range

**Flammability** The substance is not classified as flammable,

pyrophoric or emit flammable gases under

standard conditions.

Lower explosion limitNot determined.Upper explosion limitNot determined.

Flash point > 110 °C (EU method A.9).

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined.

Decomposition temperature Not determined, it is not a self-reactive substance

or an organic peroxide or a substance that may

decompose.

**pH** 3.43 (20 °C, 10 g/l, CIPAC MT 75).

Kinematic viscosity

Not determined, it is not a hydrocarbon or a

chlorinated hydrocarbon.

**Solubility** > 1 000 g/l (20 °C, pH = 5 - 9, OECD 105).

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) log Pow = 0.326 (2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 24

°C, OECD 107).

log Pow = 2.519 (5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-

3-one, 24 °C, OECD 107).

Vapour pressure 0.003 Pa (25 °C, OECD 104).

**Density and/or relative density**  $D_4^{20} = 1.294 \text{ (OECD 109)}.$ 

Relative vapour density

Not determined.

Particle characteristics Does not apply to liquid.

### 9.2. Other information

#### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

#### **Mixture**

The mixture does not contain relevant substances classified as hazardous to the physical classes, or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for inclusion in Section 3.

# Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts

#### **Explosives**

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance does not contain chemical groups associated with explosive properties.

#### Flammable gases

It is not gas.

#### **Aerosols**

It is not aerosol.

#### Oxidising gases

Page: 9 / 21

CAS: 68411-30-3

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

It is not gas.

#### Gases under pressure

It is not gas.

#### Flammable liquids

It is not liquid.

### Flammable solids

The substance is not classified as flammable solid (EU method A.10).

#### Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance does not contain chemical groups associated with explosive or self-reactive properties.

#### Pyrophoric liquids

It is not liquid.

# Pyrophoric solids

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance is stable in air, there is no spontaneous ignition.

#### Self-heating substances and mixtures

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance is not classified as self-heating.

# Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance is soluble in water and forms a stable mixture with it.

#### **Oxidising liquids**

It is not liquid.

#### Oxidizing solids

Data for the substance are not available.

It is an organic substance does not contain chemical groups associated with oxidising properties.

#### Organic peroxides

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance does not contain a bivalent group -O-O- with at least one organic radical.

#### Corrosive to metals

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance is not classified as corrosive to metal.

#### Desensitised explosives

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance does not contain chemical groups associated with explosive properties.

# Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

Explosives

Page: 10 / 21

CAS: 55965-84-9

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

# **LB CL 803**

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance does not contain chemical groups associated with explosive properties.

#### Flammable gases

It is not gas.

#### **Aerosols**

It is not aerosol.

#### Oxidising gases

It is not gas.

# Gases under pressure

It is not gas.

#### Flammable liquids

The substance is not classified as flammable liquid according to the value of the flash point and boiling point.

#### Flammable solids

It is not solid.

#### Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance does not contain chemical groups associated with explosive or self-reactive properties.

#### Pyrophoric liquids

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance is stable in air, there is no spontaneous ignition.

#### Pyrophoric solids

It is not solid.

# Self-heating substances and mixtures

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance is not classified as self-heating.

# Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases in contact with water

Data for the substance are not available.

The chemical structure of the substance does not contain metals or metalloids.

The substance is miscible with water and forms a stable mixture with it.

# Oxidising liquids

Data for the substance are not available.

It is an organic substance that does not contain oxygen, fluorine or chlorine, or these elements are chemically bounded only to carbon or hydrogen.

### Oxidizing solids

It is not solid.

#### Organic peroxides

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance does not contain a bivalent group -O-O- with at least one organic radical.

#### Corrosive to metals

Page: 11 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance is not classified as corrosive to metal.

#### Desensitised explosives

Data for the substance are not available.

The substance does not contain chemical groups associated with explosive properties.

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Mechanical sensitivity

Not determined, it is not an explosive substance.

**Self-accelerating polymerisation temperature**Not determined, it is not a polymerising substance.

Formation of explosible dust/air mixtures Not determined, it is not a dust.

Acid/alkaline reserve Not determined, pH is in the range 4 - 10.

Evaporation rateNot determined.MiscibilityNot determined.ConductivityNot determined.CorrosivenessNot determined.

Gas group Not determined, it is not gas.

Redox potentialNot determined.Radical formation potentialNot determined.Photocatalytic propertiesNot determined.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

The mixture is stable under normal conditions of use. There aren't any hazardous reaction.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions aren't known under normal conditions of use.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Protect from temperatures below 0 °C.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

They do not form under normal use. Burning releases carbon oxides, sulphur oxides, hydrogen sulphide, nitrogen oxides, ammonia, chlorine oxides, hydrogen chloride and products of incomplete combustion.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Mixture**

Acute toxicity

Page: 12 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

The mixture is not classified as toxic for all routes of exposure.

**Oral** Data for the mixture are not available.

ATE<sub>mixture</sub> > 2 000 mg/kg bw (estimate, low concentration of substances classified as

toxic oral route of exposure).

**Dermal** Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture does not contain relevant substances classified as an acute toxicity by dermal route of exposure or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for inclusion

in Section 3.

**Inhalation** Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture does not contain relevant substances classified as an acute toxicity by inhalation route of exposure or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for

inclusion in Section 3.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture does not contain relevant substances classified as hazardous to skin or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for inclusion in Section 3.

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture is classified as eye irritant based on the general/specific concentration limits of substance(s).

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture is classified as a skin sensitizing in category 1A according to the general/specific concentration limits of substance(s).

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture does not contain substances classified as mutagenicity or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for inclusion in Section 3.

#### Carcinogenicity

Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture does not contain substances classified as carcinogenicity or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for inclusion in Section 3.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture does not contain substances classified as toxic for reproduction or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for inclusion in Section 3.

#### STOT - single exposure

Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture does not contain substances classified as toxic for specific target organs in a single exposure or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for inclusion in Section 3.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture does not contain relevant substances classified as toxic for specific target organs in a repeated exposure or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for inclusion in Section 3.

Page: 13 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

#### Aspiration hazard

Data for the mixture are not available.

The mixture does not contain relevant substances classified as aspiration hazard or the concentration of substance(s) is lower than the limit for inclusion in Section 3.

#### Other information

See sections 2 and 4.

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts

Acute toxicity

**Oral** The substance is classified in category 4.

 $LD_{50} = 1 080 \text{ mg/kg bw (rat, female, OECD 401)}.$ 

**Dermal** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

 $LD_{50} > 2~000 \text{ mg/kg bw (rabbit, OECD 402)}.$ 

**Inhalation** Data for the substance are not available.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

The substance is classified as skin irritant.

Primary dermal irritation index PDII = 2.17 (max. 4, not fully reversible after 14 days) (rabbit, 72 hrs., OECD 404).

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

The substance is classified as seriously damaging to the eyes.

Overall irritation score = 1.75 (max. 4, not rinsed, not fully reversible after 14 days), 1 (max. 3, rinse after 4 seconds, reversible after 7 days), 1.06 (max. 2, rinse after 30 seconds, reversible after 14 days) (rabbit, 72 hrs., OECD 405).

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not skin sensitising (guinea pig, OECD 406).

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Negative (OECD 471, OECD 473, OECD 476).

#### Carcinogenicity

Data for the substance are not available.

# Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

NOAEL = 350 mg/kg/day (rat, oral, generation P0, literature).

NOAEL = 350 mg/kg/day (rat, oral, generation F1, literature).

NOAEL = 350 mg/kg/day (rat, oral, generation F2, literature).

#### STOT - single exposure

Data for the substance are not available.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

Page: 14 / 21

CAS: 68411-30-3

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

NOAEL = 85 mg/kg/day (rat, oral, literature).

LOAEL = 300 mg/kg/day (rat, oral, literature).

#### Aspiration hazard

The substance is not a hydrocarbon or a chlorinated hydrocarbon with a kinematic viscosity of 20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s or less at 40 °C.

# Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

CAS: 55965-84-9

#### Acute toxicity

**Oral** The substance is classified in category 3.

 $LD_{50} = 66 \text{ mg/kg bw (rat, OECD 401)}.$ 

**Dermal** The substance is classified in category 2.

 $LD_{50} = 87 \text{ mg/kg bw (rat, OECD literature)}.$ 

**Inhalation** The substance is classified in category 2.

 $LC_{50} = 0.17 \text{ mg/l (aerosol, rat, 4 hrs., OECD 403)}.$ 

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

The substance is classified as skin corrosion in category 1C.

Mean erythema score = 1.7 (exposure time 4 hours, fully reversible in 11 days) and edema = 0.7 (exposure time 4 hours, fully reversible in 8 days) (rabbit, 72 hours, OECD 404).

## Serious eye damage/irritation

The substance is classified as seriously damaging to the eyes (rabbit, 72 hrs., literature).

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

The substance is classified as skin sensitising in category 1A (guinea pig, OECD 406).

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

In vitro:

Pozitive (OECD 471, OECD 476).

<u>In vivo:</u>

Negative (OECD 474, OECD 475, OECD 477, OE3CD 486).

#### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

NOEL = 300 ppm (rat, oral, OECD 453).

#### Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

NOAEL = 30 ppm (overall effect, rat, oral, generation P0, OECD 416).

NOAEL = 300 ppm (reproduction, rat, oral, generation P1, OECD 416).

NOAEL = 300 ppm (reproduction and development, rat, oral, generation F1, OECD 416).

NOAEL = 300 ppm (viability, clinical signs, rat, oral, generation F2, OECD 416).

#### STOT - single exposure

Data for the substance are not available.

Page: 15 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

#### STOT - repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

NOAEL = 6.28 mg/kg/day (overall effect, rat, oral, 90 d., OECD 408).

NOAEL = 0.4 mg/kg/day (overall effect, rabbit, dermal, 90 d., OECD 411).

NOAEC = 0.34 mg/kg/day (histopathology, rat, aerosol, 90 d., OECD 413).

#### Aspiration hazard

The substance is not a hydrocarbon or a chlorinated hydrocarbon with a kinematic viscosity of 20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s or less at 40 °C.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Mixture does not contain substance(s) meeting the criteria for persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH regulation. The mixture and its substances are not mentioned on the Candidate list for possible inclusion in Annex XIV of REACH at the date of the revision of the safety data sheet and given in the list (established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties of REACH regulation.

Mixture does not contain the substance(s) identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605. There is no other relevant information on adverse health effects that is not required according to the classification criteria set out in CLP Regulation.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

#### **Mixture**

Data for the mixture are not available.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

The mixture is not classified as acute aquatic toxicity based on calculation according to the summation method.

category 1  $\Sigma < 0.43$ 

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

The mixture is not classified as chronic aquatic toxicity based on calculation according to the summation method.

category 1 2 3 4  $\sum$  < 0.18 < 1.8 < 24.1 < 6.1018

# Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts

The substance is classified as Aquatic Chronic 3; H412.

#### Fish

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hrs., Lepomis macrochirus: 1.67 mg/l (mortality).

NOEC, 28 d., Oncorhynchus mykiss: 0.23 mg/l (mortality, OECD 210).

### Crustaceans

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hrs., Daphnia Magna: 2.9 mg/l (mobility, OECD 202).

NOEC, 21 d., Daphnia Magna: 0.27 mg/l (survival and reproduction, OECD 211).

# Algae

Page: 16 / 21

CAS: 68411-30-3

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

 $EC_{50}$ , 72 hrs., Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 235 mg/l (growth rate, OECD 201).

EC<sub>10</sub>, 96 hrs., Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 13.1 mg/l (growth rate, OECD 201).

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

CAS: 55965-84-9

The substance is classified as Aquatic Acute 1; H400 (M=100) and Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 (M=100).

Fish

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hrs., Oncorhynchus mykiss: 0.19 mg/l (mortality, EPA OPP 72-1).

NOEC, 35 d., Brachydanio rerio: ≥ 46.4 µg/l (mortality, OECD 210).

Crustaceans

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hrs., Daphnia Magna: 0.099 mg/l (mobility, OECD 202).

NOEC, 21 d., Daphnia Magna: 11.1 µg/l (reproduction, OECD 211).

Algae

EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hrs., Skeletonema costatum: 6.3 µg/l (growth rate, OECD 201).

NOEC, 48 hrs., Skeletonema costatum: 0.49 µg/l (growth rate, OECD 201).

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Mixture** 

Data for the mixture are not available.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts

CAS: 68411-30-3

Readily biodegradable: 85 % after 29 days (CO<sub>2</sub> evolution, OECD 301 B).

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-

isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

CAS: 55965-84-9

Not readily biodegradable: 38.8 % after 29 days (CO<sub>2</sub> evolution, OECD 301 B).

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Mixture** 

Data for the mixture are not available.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts

CAS: 68411-30-3

BCF, Oncorhynchus mykiss = 87 l/kg (OECD 305 E).

log Pow = 1.4 (23 °C, pH = 6.1, OECD 123).

Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

CAS: 55965-84-9

BCF, Lepomis macrochirus: 41 - 54 (OECD 305 E).

log Pow = 0.326 (2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 24 °C, OECD 107).

log Pow = 2.519 (5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, 24 °C, OECD 107).

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mixture

Data for the mixture are not available.

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivs., sodium salts

CAS: 68411-30-3

Data for the substance are not available.

Page: 17 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

# Reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)

Koc = 6.4 - 10 (pH = 4.7 - 7.4, OECD 106).

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Mixture does not contain substance(s) meeting the criteria for persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation. The mixture and its substances are not mentioned on the Candidate list for possible inclusion in Annex XIV of REACH at the date of the revision of the safety data sheet (established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH Regulation.

# 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture and its substances are not mentioned on the Candidate list for possible inclusion in Annex XIV of REACH at the date of the revision of the safety data sheet (established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH Regulation. Mixture does not contain the substance(s) identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### Disposal methods of the substance or mixture and the contaminated packaging

Dispose according to the applicable European and local regulations. Do not empty unused product into drainage systems. Do not contaminate ponds or ditches with the product or used container. Do not dispose with municipal waste.

Hand over residual quantities and unregenerate solutions to the collection yard according to the worker's instructions. Empty, cleaned packaging can be stored at a landfill of the appropriate category or **in the sorted waste.** 

#### Possible waste code

20 01 29\* - detergents containing hazardous substances (mixture), 15 01 10\* - packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances (contaminated packaging), 15 01 02 - plastic packaging (clear packaging).

#### Physical/chemical properties that may affect waste treatment options

Not known.

#### Special precautions recommended for waste management

Not known.

#### Waste legislation

Directive 2008/98/EC on waste and repealing certain Directives, as amended.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

This product is not classified as a dangerous for transportation (ADR/RID, IMDG, ICAO/IATA).

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

Not given.

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Page: 18 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

Not given.

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not given.

# 14.4. Packing group

Not given.

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

It is not dangerous for the environment during transport.

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not given.

# 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulation No. 1907/2006/EC, concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, as amended (REACH)

Regulation No. 1272/2008/EC, on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended (CLP)

Regulation No. 648/2004/EC on detergents, as amended

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

It has not been carried out for mixture.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Reason for the revision of the safety data sheet

Change of the classification and labeling of the mixture. Change in the composition of the mixture in section 3 and related changes in the other sections.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms

Acute Tox. 2 Acute toxicity, cat. 2
Acute Tox. 3 Acute toxicity, cat. 3
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, cat. 4

Aquatic Acute 1 Acute aquatic hazard, cat. 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 Chronic aquatic hazard, cat. 1
Aquatic Chronic 3 Chronic aquatic hazard, cat. 3
Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, cat. 1

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, cat. 2
Skin Corr. 1C Skin corrosion, cat. 1C
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, cat. 2

Skin Sens. 1A Skin sensitization, cat. 1A

Page: 19 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

#### **LB CL 803**

ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate

bw body weight

M Multiplying factor

ADR Accord Dangereuses Route

CLP Regulation No. 1272/2008/EC, on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of subs-

tances and mixtures

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

ICAO/IATA International Air Transport Association
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods
PBT Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic substance

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH Regulation No. 1907/2006/EC, concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation

and Restriction of Chemicals

RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STOT Specific target organ toxicity

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance

#### Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet

European legislation, manufacturer's safety data sheet, registration dossier of substances.

#### List of H- and P- phrases

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.
 H302 Harmful if swallowed.
 H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Page: 20 / 21

according to Regulation No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, as subsequently amended

# **LB CL 803**

P501 Dispose of contents/container by handing it over to a collection yard or sorted waste.

#### Training advice

According to SDS.

#### Other information

Classification according to data from the manufacturer. The mixture is classified using calculation methods according to Regulation CLP and tests. Use only for the purposes designated by the manufacturer, will prevent health and environmental risks.

The information in this safety data sheet has been prepared according to the best available knowledge. The safety data sheet has been compiled in good faith but without guarantee. Various factors may influence properties under specific conditions. It is the responsibility of the product user to assess the accuracy of the information for their specific application. This SDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product. If the product is used as a component in another product, this SDS information may not be applicable.

The safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Regulation No. 2020/878/EC. There is no additional information in accordance with the local and national legislation of the Member State in the European Union, in the safety data sheet.

The safety data sheet was prepared by LACHEPRA s.r.o.

Page: 21 / 21